**Hypertension:**
- No longer classified as controlled or uncontrolled, malignant, benign
- Very important to document the causal relationship between hypertension and heart disease
- Heart failure type specificity:
  - Acute, chronic, acute on chronic
  - Systolic, diastolic, combined systolic and diastolic

**Acute MI:**
- STEMI and NSTEMI are now codeable terms
- Document location: Anterior (left main coronary, left anterior descending, other coronary artery), Inferior (right coronary artery, other), Other (left circumflex, other sites)
- An AMI is considered acute under ICD-10 if it occurred within the past 4 weeks (was 8 weeks under ICD-9) - document
- **Subsequent AMI – NEW**
  - Defined as an AMI occurring within 4 weeks of previous AMI, regardless of site

**Tobacco Hx:** coded for many respiratory and cardiovascular conditions
- Exposure to tobacco smoke
- Exposure to tobacco smoke in the perinatal period
- History of tobacco use
- Occupational exposure to tobacco smoke
- Tobacco dependence
- Tobacco use

**Asthma:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICD-9</th>
<th>ICD-10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extrinsic</td>
<td>Mild intermittent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intrinsic</td>
<td>Mild persistent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic obstructive</td>
<td>Moderate persistent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asthma, Unspecified</td>
<td>Severe persistent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Sepsis:
- Bacteremia: the presence of bacteria in the blood
- Sepsis: infection, documented or suspected, with signs and symptoms of an inflammatory response (SIRS)
- Severe sepsis: sepsis with organ dysfunction
- Septic shock: severe sepsis plus acute circulatory failure

Cerebral Infarction: Expanded specificity
- Anatomy: Cerebral or precerebral (ICD-9)
- Type: *Thrombosis, embolism* or unspecified occlusion (ICD-10)

Pressure Ulcers:
- Document anatomic location, laterality & stage

ICD-10 [INPATIENT] Procedural Coding Tips – Internal Medicine Hospitalist

Section – almost always medical/surgical, don’t need to state

Body system –

Root operation – describes the intent of the procedure
- Drainage – paracentesis, aspiration, etc.
- Excision – removal of a portion of a body part (biopsies)
- Resection – removal of all of a body part
- Insertion / removal – central line placement

Body part – the specific body part (or subsection thereof) addressed in an procedure (chest tube place in R pleural space)

Approach – open, percutaneous, via natural opening (foley, etc.)

Device – describe the type or simply state the exact device(s) left in the patient at the conclusion of the procedure

Qualifier – if aspiration is diagnostic, be sure to state so